

# THE SALT LAKE HERALD

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**AMUSEMENTS TODAY.**  
Salt Lake—Matinee and night, "The Little Duchess."  
Orpheum—Matinee and night, vaudeville.  
Grand—Matinee and night, "Nettie the New Girl."  
Lyric—Matinee and night, "A Fight for a Fortune."

**WEATHER FOR SALT LAKE.**  
Rain or snow.  
**THE METALS.**  
Silver, 70c per ounce.  
Copper (cast), 23½c per pound.  
Lead, \$6 per 100 pounds.

## LE GRAND YOUNG.

With the retirement of Judge LeGrand Young as general counsel of the Utah Light & Railway company ends the service of a man who has done a great work for that corporation without sacrificing his high sense of obligation as a citizen. Judge Young is one of the old-fashioned type of lawyers, who believe that a man's first duty is to the community and state; who would not knowingly do anything as a lawyer that he would not do as an individual; whose fine sense of honor and exact conception of professional ethics would preclude any service for money that conflicted with his ideals as a citizen.

Though it is not generally known to the people of Salt Lake, the city owes to Judge Young Mr. Harriman's interest in and final acquisition of the street railway, light and power systems of Salt Lake City. Through thick and thin, in the midst of complications that embarrassed him and threatened to embarrass the company, the judge stuck to his negotiations and finally completed the deal by which the city is assured eventually a street railway system commensurate with its importance and size of the municipality.

If a knowledge of good deeds well done, of duty performed better than need be, of high ideals and an exalted perception of civic duties could compensate a man for doing what he believed to be right, Judge Young is already paid amply for his service both to the city and the company which had him as chief counsel; but The Herald believes he is entitled to know that the people of the city recognize his great service to them; that they realize now and will realize more as time goes on an everlasting obligation to him for interesting outside capital in the city and affording it an opportunity to secure the comforts and conveniences of high-class transportation facilities and good public service.

One of the best judges of human nature in this city once said he would trust LeGrand Young to arbitrate any case in which the judge himself was concerned because, he said, the judge's sense of honor was so perfect that he would rule against himself in case of doubt. There may be some greater tribute of praise for a lawyer than that, and if there is LeGrand Young's long and honorable career, his fine standard of honor and his perfect recognition of ethical standards entitle him to such praise. He is a good lawyer, a good citizen and a good man.

Would there were more like him.

## DRY FARMING CONGRESS.

There should be a good delegation representing Utah at the trans-Missouri dry farming congress which will be held at Denver on Jan. 24 and 25.

Dry farming is still in part experimental, although success enough has been attained to make it certain that it can be made a great and profitable industry in all the arid states of the west where the soil is of the quality that appears to be required. Already in Utah a number of large dry farming projects have been undertaken, some of which have proved vastly profitable to the enterprising men who undertook them. Besides the companies in operation, men of smaller means have reclaimed waste lands—lands that a few years ago were regarded as fit only for the habitation of the jackrabbit and the coyote—and made them bountifully productive. Millions of acres of land in Utah alone can be made responsive to dry farming methods. Some idea of the possibilities of dry farming is given by a special article by Professor Widsow in The New Year Herald.

Governor Cutler is taking a deep interest in the Denver convention and will name a delegation of progressive citizens. All of them who can do so should attend. The purpose of the congress are deeply important to Utah. It should receive the support it deserves.

The street cleaning department hasn't even tried the thoroughfare from the litter of broken refrigerators.

## THE SUNDAY SALOON.

The "American" members of the city council have held a caucus and decided to sustain Chief of Police Sheets' policy of closing the saloons on Sunday. If this means that Sheets will be permitted to use the machinery of the police department for the purpose of punishing saloon men who failed or refused to contribute to the "American" campaign fund, neither the council nor Sheets is entitled to any credit for enforcing the law. If, however, it is the purpose of the chief and the council to keep all the saloons closed on Sunday they will have the backing of all good citizens.

Saloonkeepers, curiously enough, have come to look upon themselves as martyrs when they are required to close their places of business on the Sabbath day. Yet the law distinctly and specifically says that saloons must not do business on Sunday. It is just as much against the law to sell intoxicants on the first day of the week as it is to commit the crime of grand larceny, though, of course, there is a difference in the degree of offending. The Herald has always believed that saloon men, as well as other citizens, have no right whatever to break the law.

They should be required to keep their places closed on Sunday. But if one is closed, all should be closed, and kept closed. Chief of Police Sheets must not be permitted to pick and choose among the keepers of saloons. He must not say to one man: "You must not sell whisky on Sunday," and to another man: "If you sell whisky quietly on Sunday it will be all right." The law recognizes no distinction, and it is not the province of the chief of police to recognize any.

"This has always been Sheets' tendency. He is a politician before he is a police officer. His great aim and object since he was given charge of the department has been to build up a machine for the party to which he professes allegiance. If by manipulation of the Sunday saloon question he can strengthen and tighten his political machine he will not hesitate to do so. At least that is Chief Sheets' history."

There are in the council some first-class citizens, some men who, in our opinion, believe in enforcing the law. We look to them to see to it that Sheets walks the straight and narrow way in this particular matter. And if they care for their own reputations they will see to it.

## PAY OF POSTAL CLERKS.

The first assistant postmaster general, Mr. Hitchcock, is much troubled over the difficulty of securing and keeping good men to serve as postal clerks. But in connection with the statistics he had prepared on the subject, Mr. Hitchcock points out the root of the trouble. The clerks do not receive salaries commensurate with the duties they are called upon to perform. If they were paid more money there would be no difficulty about getting and keeping them. As it is, they are resigning at an average rate of 12.3 per cent per annum. In October the resignations were at the rate of 20.8 per cent.

An ordinary day laborer, in many sections of the country, can earn more money than a postal clerk, and the latter, in addition to performing trying toil, is often charged with heavy responsibility which the laborer escapes. Twenty thousand clerks received from \$600 to \$1,000 per year in 1906. In view of the heavy increase in the cost of living, this is not enough, supposing the average to be \$800, to keep the clerks, especially those with families, in comfort. They certainly earn more money, or they are not worth retaining in the service.

Congress would do an act of simple justice if it raised the pay of the postal clerks, so that the good men would not be eternally looking for something better. The numerous resignations are bound to have the effect of seriously impairing the service, and this is a matter in which the general public is interested. When ten men out of a hundred resign every year, making it necessary to break in ten new men, efficiency of any standard—and the government standard should be high—is strained to the breaking point.

The assistant postmaster general asks congress to grant the clerks an increase. His proposal is for the establishment of six classes, with six grades of pay. He would start beginners at \$600 a year, advance them to \$800 the second year, to \$900 the third year and to \$1,000 the fourth year, in first-class postoffices. There would also be in first-class offices grades of \$1,100 and \$1,200 a year, but these places would be left open to be filled on a purely merit basis.

In second-class offices the pay would be advanced each year until the \$900 mark was reached, leaving the \$1,000 and \$1,100 places for meritorious workers. Assuredly the figures proposed are not exorbitant. They are, if anything, too small. The present salary schedule was fixed years ago at a time when the cost of living was low. And when it was fixed \$600 would go farther than \$1,000 will go today. The clerks are entitled to more money.

"Benner X. Smith, prominent in Mormon church circles in Salt Lake City, is at the Angelus," says the Los Angeles Examiner. It is quite evident that the news of the recent election in Utah has spread to southern California.

Secretary Shaw says the country is "staggering under prosperity." The man who hasn't had a raise of salary for three or four years is staggering also, but not under a load of prosperity.

If Dr. Hyatt doesn't hurry along with a cold snap the boy who got a pair of skates for Christmas will find it hard to forgive him.

## SOCIETY

About 100 invited guests assembled at the residence of Mrs. Henry Cohen, 535 East Second South street, Friday afternoon to meet Mrs. S. H. Auerbach of New York. The reception was given by Mrs. Henry Cohen, Mrs. M. C. Phillips and Mrs. L. Watters. The decorations were tastefully distributed, the spacious parlors, reception hall and library being hung in festoons of evergreen, sprays of holly, etc., tied with large red satin bows. The electroliers were shaded in red, with tulle and smilax. The party received in the decorated window and consisted of Mrs. S. H. Auerbach, Mrs. Rabbi Freund, Mrs. M. C. Phillips, Mrs. Watters and Mrs. Henry Cohen. Music was rendered during the reception.

The dining room, where an elaborate luncheon was served, was presided over by Miss Martha Watters and Miss Ida Cohen. The decorations in this room were green and white—green satin ribbon bows entwined with tulle, with the candelabra shaded in green. Flowers were white pinks, plumosa and smilax.

Mrs. Auerbach, who is on a visit here, is the daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brooks of this city. She has been living for the past nine years in Europe, and is now residing in New York City.

The Woman's club will meet Tuesday, Jan. 8, with Mrs. George Gatrell, 432 South Third East street. Mrs. Gatrell will give the paper of the day, her subject being "Holy Expectations."

Miss Clarice Glenn entertained her friends at a musicale Thursday from 3 until 7. Decorations were in holiday colors. After the musicale a hickory-nut luncheon was served. Miss Glenn was assisted in entertaining by Mrs. Walter J. Lemon and Mrs. George W. Glenn. The invited guests were the Misses Barbara and Martha Long, Margaret Finch, Adelaide Smith, Irene Delaney and Nellie Johnson.

Harold B. Lamb and Clarence Bamberger have returned to Cornell to resume their studies.

Mrs. Joseph Rawlins, Mrs. Will Ray, Miss Alta Rawlins and Boyce Rawlins have gone to the coast, with Pacific Grove as their destination.

Mrs. Charles M. Mor, Miss Mantor and Miss Elsie Mantor, contemplate a visit to Los Angeles shortly, where they will remain during the balance of the winter.

At the Ladies' Literary club on Friday, Jan. 11, Mrs. Igleheart will give a reading of "Parsifal," assisted by Mrs. Plummer, Mrs. Loomis and Miss Ellerbeck.

The management of Thompson's dancing academy has decided to resume the Wednesday evening school, commencing Jan. 9. These affairs proved very popular last season.

S. Peterson, Jr., announces the engagement of his daughter, Myrtle, to Joseph H. Horrocks, the wedding to take place Jan. 30.

## METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

Yesterday's Record at the Local Office of the Weather Bureau.

Maximum temperature, 46 degrees; minimum temperature, 35 degrees; mean temperature, 41 degrees, which is 3 degrees above normal. Accumulated excess of temperature since the first of the month, 8 degrees. Accumulated excess of temperature since Jan. 1, 8 degrees. Relative humidity, 50 at 6 p. m. Total precipitation from 6 p. m. to 6 p. m., trace. Accumulated excess of precipitation since the first of the month, .04 inch. Accumulated excess of precipitation since Jan. 1, .04 inch.

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Yesterday, today and always. Our prices DO NOT ADVANCE on account of the Holidays.  
25 per cent SAVED by purchasing Xmas Jewelry of us.

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**CONTINENTAL OIL COMPANY.**

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5,000 YARDS Amoskeag Teagel Down Outing Flannels, 12½c and 15c grades, choice for Saturday only, per yard  
*Limit of 10 yards to a customer*

1,000 YARDS German Fleecce Down Flannels, 25c grade, for yard 10c

1,000 YARDS Arnold's Superfine 36-inch Flannelette, 18c Grade, for yard 8½c

## Saturday Shoe Specials

Boys' Shoes, sizes 8 to 13½	\$1.35	Misses' Shoes, sizes 11½ to 12	\$1.95
\$1.75 values for		2, \$2.25 values for	
Misses' Shoes, \$2.50 and \$3.00 values for	\$2.35	Child's Shoes, sizes 8½ to 11	\$1.65
		regular \$2.25 and \$2.50.	

Any pair of Infant's Shoes for 95c

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TAILORED SUITS of exquisite styles and excellent material, well made and fit guaranteed. In black, blue, brown and green and plaids of imported broadcloth, chevots and mixtures.

**\$7.00** Silk Petticoats **\$7.00**  
ALL COLORS  
Your choice of our entire stock of Taffeta Silk Petticoats; values \$10, \$12, \$12.50, \$15.00, at

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COATS of imported models, in all shades, black, blue and champagne, tan, gray and mixtures.

Also Evening Coats and exquisite wraps.

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Dinner Dresses, Evening Gowns and Fancy Dresses—

**\$20.00** JUMPER SUITS **\$20.00**  
Your choice of our stock of elegant Jumper Suits, in all colors; values \$25, \$30, \$35 and \$40, at

### 1-2 Off Waists

All Lace Waists, Net Waists, Silk Waists, Hand Embroidered Waists, in all colors—

**\$20.00** The Lily of France Corset; values of \$3.00, \$13.50, \$15.00 and \$18.00 at

## RAIN COATS

We also beg to call attention to our very complete assortment of new

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122 SOUTH MAIN

in Cravenettes and the best Satin Rubber Cloth at very attractive prices

# TONIGHT

AT

## Association Evening Institute

State and First South Streets.

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**DR. ZIMMERMAN, Manager.**

Teeth extracted without pain. Set teeth (best red rubber), \$5.00. Gold crowns, 22k, \$3.50 to \$5.00. Bridge work, best, \$5.50 to \$5.00. Gold fillings, \$1.00 and up. Other fillings, 50c to 75c.

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Ask 65 for any information about jewelry and kindred lines when phoning for the correct time.

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